Newport Mercury.

[1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1800. [No. 1971.]

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Island)* Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

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By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. DENISON, *Sec'ry.*

Newport Insurance-Office, Jan. 13, 1800.

OFFICIAL.

To the CONSUL *of His Catholic Majeſty for the State of* RHODE-ISLAND, *&c.*

COMMERCIAL INFORMATION.

DON JOSEPH IGNATIUS DE VIAR, his Catholic Majeſty's Conſul-General, has received, from the Intendant at the Havanna, the following Liſt of Articles, now prohibited at that Port:—

Vermillion.
Mens' Caps—Silk, Thread, & Cotton.
Stocking-web Patterns (worſted)
Coarſe Shirts.
Sieves.
Braſs Locks, and Nails.
Coverletts (wool and cotton)
Dimities (thread and cotton)
Oil Cloth (flowered and plain)
Paper Hangings.
Eſterlings,
Tinſel Laces,
Sealing Wax,
Stockings (worſted and cotton)
Marſeilles Quilting.
Handkerchiefs (linen)
Hats (caſtor excepted.)
Shoes, Calicoes, and printed linens,
Plain and ornamented dreſſes for both ſexes, of what manufacture ſoever.

Further information from the Intendant of the Havannah.

All Shippers of goods or merchandizes from the United States, to the above port ſhall be qualified before a notary public reſpecting the property ſpecified in the invoices, the ſame ſhall be atteſted by his Majeſty's Conſul General, or by ſome one of his Majeſty's conſuls or vice conſuls, otherwiſe ſuch goods will not be admitted to entry.

Whereas it has been found that numbers of Merchants and others, trading from the United States to the Havanna, regardleſs of the foregoing publication inſerted ſome time ſince, in ſeveral papers of the Union, have proſecuted their voyages without ſoliciting the atteſtation mentioned therein, and on arrival there have alledged ignorance reſpecting the ſame. Now, therefore, his Catholic Majeſty's Conſul General, in compliance with his inſtructions received lately on this head, doth hereby make known, to all whom it may concern, that from and after the publication hereof, any veſſel or veſſels trading to the above port or ports in the iſland of Cuba, ſhall be provided with the aforementioned atteſtation, otherwiſe they will not be admitted to entry.

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TO BE SOLD,

A Dwelling-Houſe, and Lot of Land whereon ſaid Houſe ſtands, a little out of this Town, near the Wind-Mills, formerly belonging to Benjamin Stanton, deceaſed.—For further Particulars inquire of

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And entered on the 25th of March enſuing,

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Little-Compton, Jan. 9, 1800.

To be Sold, by
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20 Hogſheads New-England Rum, from 95 to 100 Gallons.
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N. B. He gives the higheſt Price for old Gold and Silver.

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STRAYED away from James Chace's, ſome Time paſt, Twelve Sheep, moſtly Weathers, very large and likely.—They are branded on the Rump with the Letters I. A. with Tar. Whoever has either the Whole or Part of them, among their Sheep, and will give Notice to the Subſcribers, ſhall be well rewarded, and Expences paid by

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JOB TOWNSEND,
WILLIAM BORDEN.

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FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

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Weſterly, Dec. 5, 1799.

FUNERAL ORATION.

ON THE
DEATH
OF
GENERAL WASHINGTON,

Delivered at the Requeſt of Congreſs, by

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY LEE,
Member of Congreſs from Virginia.

IN obedience to your* will, I riſe your humble organ, with the hope of executing a part of the ſyſtem of public mourning which you have been pleaſed to adopt, commemorative of the death of the moſt illuſtrious and moſt beloved perſonage this country has ever produced; and which, while it tranſmits to poſterity your ſenſe of the awful event, faintly repreſents your knowledge of the conſummate excellence you ſo cordially honor.

Deſperate indeed is any attempt on earth to meet correſpondently this diſpenſation of Heaven; for while with pious reſignation we ſubmit to the will of an all gracious Providence, we can never ceaſe lamenting in our finite view of Omnipotent Wiſdom, the heart-rending privation for which our nation weeps. When the civilized world ſhakes to its centre; when every moment gives birth to ſtrange and momentous changes; when our peaceful quarter of the globe, exempt as it happily has been from any ſhare in the ſlaughter of the human race, may yet be compelled to abandon her pacific policy, and to riſk the doleful caſualties of war:—What limit is there to the extent of our loſs?—None within the reach of my words to expreſs; none which your feelings will not diſavow.

The founder of our fœderate republic—our bulwark in war, our guide in peace, is no more. Oh that this was but queſtionable! Hope, the comforter of the wretched, would pour into our agonized hearts its balmly dew. But alas! there is no hope for us; our Waſhington is removed forever. Poſſeſſing the ſtouteſt frame, and pureſt mind, he had paſſed nearly to his ſixty eighth year, in the enjoyment of high health, when habituated by his care of us to neglect himſelf, a ſlight cold, diſregarded, became inconvenient on Friday, oppreſſive on Saturday, and defying every medical interpoſition, before the morning of Sunday, put an end to the beſt of men. An end did I ſay—his fame ſurvives! bounded only by the limits of the earth, and by the extent of the human mind. He ſurvives in our hearts; in the growing knowledge of our children, in the affections of the good throughout the world—and when our monument ſhall be done away; when nations now exiſting ſhall be no more;—when even our young and far ſpreading empire ſhall have periſhed, ſtill will our Waſhington's glory unfaded ſhine, and die not, until love of virtue ceaſe on earth, or earth itſelf ſink into chaos.

How, my fellow citizens, ſhall I ſingle to your grateful hearts his pre-eminent worth! Where ſhall I begin in opening to your view a character throughout ſublime. Shall I ſpeak of his warlike atchievements all ſpringing from obedience to his country's will—all directed to his country's good?

Will you go with me to the banks of the Monongahela, to ſee your youthful Waſhington, ſupporting in the diſmal hour of Indian victory, the ill fated Braddock, and ſaving, by his judgment and by his valour, the remains of a defeated army, preſſed by the conquering ſavage foe? Or when oppreſſed America, nobly reſolved to riſk her all in defence of her violated rights, he was elevated by the unanimous voice of Congreſs to the command of her armies: Will you follow him to the high grounds of Boſton, where to an undiſciplined, courageous and virtuous yeomanry, his preſence gave the ſtability of ſyſtem, and infuſed the invincibility of love of country. Or ſhall I carry you to the painful ſcenes of Long-Iſland, York-Iſland and New-Jerſey, when combating ſuperior and gallant armies, aided by powerful fleets, and led by chiefs high in the roll of fame, he ſtood the bulwark of our ſafety; undiſmayed by diſaſter; unchanged by change of fortune. Or will you view him in the precarious fields of Trenton, where deep gloom unnerving every arm, reigned triumphant through our thinned, worn down, unaided ranks: himſelf unmoved.—Dreadful was the night; it was about this time of winter—The ſtorm raged,—the Delaware rolling furiouſly with floating ice forbad the approach of man.—Waſhington, ſelf collected viewed the tremendous ſcene—his country called; unappaled by ſurrounding dangers, he paſſed to the hoſtile ſhore: he fought; he conquered. The morning ſun cheered the American world. Our country roſe on the event; and her dauntleſs Chief purſuing his blow compleated in the lawns of Princeton what his vaſt ſoul had conceived on the ſhores of the Delaware.

Thence to the ſtrong grounds of Morris Town he led his ſmall but gallant band, and through an eventful winter, by the high efforts of his genius whoſe matchleſs force was meaſurable only by the growth of difficulties, he held in check formidable hoſtile legions, conducted by a Chief experienced in the art of war, and famed for his valour on the ever memorable heights of Abraham, where fell Wolfe, Montcalm, and ſince our much lamented Montgomery; all covered with glory. In this fortunate interval, produced by his maſterly conduct our fathers, ourſelves, animated by his reſiſtleſs example, rallied around our country's ſtandard, and continued to follow her beloved Chief, through the various and trying ſcenes to which the deſtines of our union led.

Who is there that has forgotten the vales of Brandywine—the field of Germantown, or the plains of Monmouth; every where preſent, want of every kind obſtructing, numerous and valiant armies encountering, himſelf a hoſt, he aſſuaged our ſufferings, limited our privations, and upheld our tottering republic. Shall I diſplay to you the ſpread of the fire of his ſoul, by rehearſing the praiſes of the hero of Saratoga, and his much loved compeer of the Carolinas; No; our Waſhington wears not borrowed glory; To Gates—to Greene he gave without reſerve the applauſe due to their eminent merit; and long may the chief of Saratoga, and of Eutaws, receive the grateful reſpect of a grateful people.

Moving in his own orbit, he imparted heat and light to his moſt diſtant ſatellites: and combining the phyſical and moral force of all within his ſphere, with irreſiſtable weight he took his courſe commiſerating folly, diſdaining vice, diſmaying treaſon and invigorating deſpondency, until the auſpicious hour arrived, when, united with the intrepid forces of a potent and magnanimous ally, he brot to ſubmiſſion the ſince conqueror of India; thus finiſhing his long career of military glory with a luſtre correſponding to his great name, and in this his laſt act of war affixing the ſeal of fate to our nation's birth.

To the horrid din of battle ſweet peace ſucceeded, and our virtuous chief, mindful only of the common good, in a moment tempting perſonal aggrandizement, huſhed the diſcontents of growing ſedition, and ſurrendering his power into the hands from which he had received it, converted his ſword into a ploughſhare, teaching an admiring world that to be truly great, you muſt be truly good.

Was I to ſtop here, the picture would be incomplete, and the taſk impoſed unfiniſhed—great as was our Waſhington in war, and much as did that greatneſs contribute to produce the American Republic, it is not in war alone his pre-eminence ſtands conſpicuous—his various talents combining all the capacities of a ſtateſman with thoſe of a ſoldier, fitted him alike to guide the councils and the armies of our nation. Scarcely had he reſted from his martial toils, while his invaluable parental advice was ſtill ſounding in our ears, when he who had been our ſhield and our ſword, was called forth to act a leſs ſplendid but more important part.

Poſſeſſing a clear and a penetrating mind, a ſtrong and a ſound judgment, calmneſs, and temper for deliberation, with invincible firmneſs and perſeverance in reſolutions maturely formed, drawing information from all, acting from himſelf, with incorruptible integrity and unvarying patriotiſm; his own ſuperiority and the public confidence alike marked him as the man deſigned by Heaven to lead in the great political as well as military events which have diſtinguiſhed the æra of his life.

The finger of an overruling Providence, pointing at Waſhington, was neither miſ-

* *The Two Houſes of Congreſs.*

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ON THE
DEATH
OF
GENERAL WASHINGTON,

Delivered at the Requeſt of Congreſs, by

MAJOR-GENERAL HENRY LEE,

Member of Congreſs from Virginia.

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The founder of our fœderate republic—our bulwark in war, our guide in peace, is no more. Oh that this was but queſtionable! Hope, the comforter of the wretched, would pour into our agonized hearts its balmly dew. But alas! there is no hope for us; our Waſhington is removed forever. Poſſeſſing the ſtouteſt frame, and pureſt mind, he had paſſed nearly to his ſixty eighth year, in the enjoyment of high health, when habituated by his care of us to neglect himſelf, a ſlight cold, diſregarded, became inconvenient on Friday, oppreſſive on Saturday, and defying every medical interpoſition, before the morning of Sunday, put an end to the beſt of men. An end did I ſay—his fame ſurvives! bounded only by the limits of the earth, and by the extent of the human mind. He ſurvives in our hearts; in the growing knowledge of our children, in the affections of the good throughout the world—and when our monument ſhall be done away; when nations now exiſting ſhall be no more;—when even our young and far ſpreading empire ſhall have periſhed, ſtill will our Waſhington's glory unfaded ſhine, and die not, until love of virtue ceaſe on earth, or earth itſelf ſink into chaos.

How, my fellow citizens, ſhall I ſingle to your grateful hearts his pre-eminent worth! Where ſhall I begin in opening to your view a character throughout ſublime. Shall I ſpeak of his warlike atchievements all ſpringing from obedience to his country's will—all directed to his country's good?

Will you go with me to the banks of the Monongahela, to ſee your youthful Waſhington, ſupporting in the diſmal hour of Indian victory, the ill fated Braddock, and ſaving, by his judgment and by his valour, the remains of a defeated army, preſſed by the conquering ſavage foe? Or when oppreſſed America, nobly reſolved to riſk her all in defence of her violated rights, he was elevated by the unanimous voice of Congreſs to the command of her armies: Will you follow him to the high grounds of Boſton, where to an undiſciplined, courageous and virtuous yeomanry, his preſence gave the ſtability of ſyſtem, and infuſed the invincibility of love of country. Or ſhall I carry you to the painful ſcenes of Long-Iſland, York-Iſland and New-Jerſey, when combating ſuperior and gallant armies, aided by powerful fleets, and led by chiefs high in the roll of fame, he ſtood the bulwark of our ſafety; undiſmayed by diſaſter; unchanged by change of fortune. Or will you view him in the precarious fields of Trenton, where deep gloom unnerving every arm, reigned triumphant through our thinned, worn down, unaided ranks: himſelf unmoved.—Dreadful was the night; it was about this time of winter—The ſtorm raged—the Delaware rolling furiouſly with floating ice forbad the approach of man.—Waſhington, ſelf collected viewed the tremendous ſcene—his country called; unappaled by ſurrounding dangers, he paſſed to the hoſtile ſhore: he fought; he conquered. The morning ſun cheered the American world. Our country roſe on the event; and her dauntleſs Chief purſuing his blow compleated in the lawns of Princeton what his vaſt ſoul had conceived on the ſhores of the Delaware.

Thence to the ſtrong grounds of Morris Town he led his ſmall but gallant band, and through an eventful winter, by the high efforts of his genius whoſe matchleſs force was meaſurable only by the growth of difficulties, he held in check formidable hoſtile legions, conducted by a Chief experienced in the art of war, and famed for his valour on the ever memorable heights of Abraham, where fell Wolfe, Montcalm, and ſince our much lamented Montgomery; all covered with glory. In this fortunate interval, produced by his maſterly conduct our fathers, ourſelves, animated by his reſiſtleſs example, rallied around our country's ſtandard, and continued to follow her beloved Chief, through the various and trying ſcenes to which the deſtines of our union led.

Who is there that has forgotten the vale of Brandywine—the field of Germantown, or the plains of Monmouth; every where preſent, want of every kind obſtructing, numerous and valiant armies encountering, himſelf a hoſt, he aſſuaged our ſufferings, limited our privations, and upheld our tottering republic. Shall I diſplay to you the ſpread of the fire of his ſoul, by rehearſing the praiſes of the hero of Saratoga, and his much loved compeer of the Carolinas; No; our Waſhington wears not borrowed glory; To Gates—to Greene he gave without reſerve the applauſe due to their eminent merit; and long may the chiefs of Saratoga, and of Eutaws, receive the grateful reſpect of a grateful people.

Moving in his own orbit, he imparted heat and light to his moſt diſtant ſatellites: and combining the phyſical and moral force of all within his ſphere, with irreſiſtable weight he took his courſe commiſerating folly, diſdaining vice, diſmaying treaſon and invigorating deſpondency, until the auſpicious hour arrived, when, united with the intrepid forces of a potent and magnanimous ally, he bro't to ſubmiſſion the ſince conqueror of India; thus finiſhing his long career of military glory with a luſtre correſponding to his great name, and in this his laſt act of war affixing the ſeal of fate to our nation's birth.

To the horrid din of battle ſweet peace ſucceeded, and our virtuous chief, mindful only of the common good, in a moment tempting perſonal aggrandizement, huſhed the diſcontents of growing ſedition, and ſurrendering his power into the hands from which he had received it, converted his ſword into a ploughſhare, teaching an admiring world that to be truly great, you muſt be truly good.

Was I to ſtop here, the picture would be incomplete, and the taſk impoſed unfiniſhed—great as was our Waſhington in war, and much as did that greatneſs contribute to produce the American Republic, it is not in war alone his pre-eminence ſtands conſpicuous—his various talents combining all the capacities of a ſtateſman with thoſe of a ſoldier, fitted him alike to guide the councils and the armies of our nation. Scarcely had he reſted from his martial toils, while his invaluable parental advice was ſtill ſounding in our ears, when he who had been our ſhield and our ſword, was called forth to act a leſs ſplendid but more important part.

Poſſeſſing a clear and a penetrating mind, a ſtrong and a ſound judgment, calmneſs, and temper for deliberation, with invincible firmneſs and perſeverance in reſolutions maturely formed, drawing information from all, acting from himſelf, with incorruptible integrity and unvarying patriotiſm; his own ſuperiority and the public confidence alike marked him as the man deſigned by Heaven to lead in the great political as well as military events which have diſtinguiſhed the æra of his life.

The finger of an overruling Providence, pointing at Waſhington, was neither miſ-

* *The Two Houſes of Congreſs.*

taken nor unobſerved when to realize the waſt hopes to which our revolution had given birth, a change of political ſyſtem became indiſpenſible.

How novel, how grand the ſpectacle, independent ſtates ſtretched over an immenſe territory, and known only by common difficulty, clinging to their union as the rock of their ſafety, decided by frank compariſon of their relative condition, to rear on that rock, under the guidance of reaſon, a common government through whoſe commanding protection, liberty and order, with their long train of bleſſings ſhould be ſafe to themſelves, and the ſure inheritance of their poſterity.

This arduous taſk devolved on citizens ſelected by the people, from knowledge of their wiſdom and confidence in their virtue. In this auguſt aſſembly of ſages and of patriots, Waſhington of courſe was found—and, as if acknowledged to be the moſt wiſe, where all were wiſe, with one voice he was declared their chief. How well he merited this rare diſtinction, how faithful were the labours of himſelf and his compatriots, the work of their hands and our union, ſtrength and proſperity, the fruits of that work, beſt atteſt.

But to have eſſentially aided in preſenting to his country this conſummation of her hopes, neither ſatisfied the claims of his fellow-citizens on his talents, nor thoſe duties which the poſſeſſion of thoſe talents impoſed. Heaven had not infuſed into his mind ſuch an uncommon ſhare of its ætherial ſpirit to remain unemployed, nor beſtowed on him as genius unaccompanied with the correſponding duty of devoting it to the common good. To have framed a conſtitution, was ſhewing only, without realizing the general happineſs. This great work remained to be done, and America, ſtedfaſt in her preference, with one voice ſummoned her beloved Waſhington, unpractiſed as he was in the duties of civil adminiſtration, to execute this laſt act in completion of the national felicity. Obedient to her call, he aſſumed the high office with the ſelf-diſtruſt peculiar to his innate modeſty, the conſtant attendant of pre-eminent virtue. What was the burſt of joy through our anxious land on this exhilirating event is known to us all. The aged, the young, the brave, the fair rivalled each other in demonſtrations of their gratitude; and this high wrought, delightful ſcene was heightened in its effect, by the ſingular conteſt between the zeal of the beſtowers and the avoidance of the receiver of the honors beſtowed. Commencing his adminiſtration, what heart is not charmed with the recollection of the pure and wiſe principles announced by himſelf, as the baſis of his political life. He beſt underſtood the indiſſoluble union between virtue and happineſs, between duty and advantage, between genuine maxims of an honeſt and magnanimous policy, and the ſolid rewards of public proſperity and individual felicity; watching with an equal and comprehenſive eye over this great aſſemblage of communities and intereſts, he laid the foundations of our national policy in the unerring immutable principles of morality, baſed on religion, exemplifying the pre-eminence of free government, by all the attributes which win the affections of its citizens or command the reſpect of the world.

"*O fortunatos nimium, ſua ſi bona norint!*"

Leading through the complicated difficulties produced by previous obligations and conflicting intereſts, ſeconded by ſucceeding Houſes of Congreſs, enlightened and patriotic he ſurmounted all original obſtructions, and brightened the path of our national felicity.

The Preſidental term expiring, his ſolicitude to exchange an exaltation for humility returned, with a force encreaſed with increaſe of age, and he had prepared his farewell addreſs to his countrymen, proclaiming his intention when the united interpoſition of all around him, enforced by the eventful proſpects of the epoch, produced a further ſacrifice of inclination to duty. The election of Preſident followed, and Waſhington by the unanimous vote of the nation, was called to reſume the chief magiſtracy; what a wonderful fixture of confidence! Which attracts moſt our admiration, a people ſo perfect, or a citizen combining an aſſemblage of talents forbidding rivalry, and ſilencing even envy itſelf? Such a nation ought to be happy, ſuch a chief muſt be forever

long menaced by the Indian tribes, [illegible] out; and the terrible conflict [illegible] Europe with blood, began to ſhed [illegible] influence over our happy land. [illegible] firſt ourſtretching his invincible [illegible] under the orders of the gallant Wayne, [illegible] erican Eagle ſoared triumphant [illegible] diſtant foreſts. Peace followed [illegible] and the melioration of the condition of the enemy followed peace. God- [illegible] which uplifts even the ſubdued [illegible]

[illegible] cond he oppoſed himſelf. New [illegible] was the conjuncture, and great [illegible].—Soon did his penetrating [illegible] and ſeize the only courſe, continuing to us all, the felicity enjoyed. He iſſued his proclamation of neutrality. This index to him whoſe ſubſequent conduct was ſanctioned by the approbation of both Houſes of Congreſs, and by the approving voice of the people.

To this ſublime policy he inviolably adhered, unmoved by foreign intruſion, unſhaken by domeſtic turbulence.

"*Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum*
"*Non civium ardor prava jubentium,*
"*Non vultus inſtantis tyranni*
"*Mente quatit ſolida.*"

Maintaining his pacific ſyſtem at the expence of no duty, America faithful to herſelf, and unſtained in her honor, continued to enjoy the delights of peace, while afflicted Europe mourns in every quarter, under the accumulated miſeries of an unexampled war; miſeries in which our happy country muſt have ſhared, had not our pre-eminent Waſhington been as firm in council as he was brave in the field.

Purſuing ſteadfaſtly his courſe, he held ſafe the public happineſs, preventing foreign war, and quelling internal diſcord, till the revolving period of a third election approached, when he executed his interrupted but inextinguiſhable deſire of returning to the humble walks of private life.

The promulgation of his fixed reſolution ſtopped the anxious wiſh of an affectionate people, from adding a third unanimous teſtimonial of their unabated confidence in the man ſo long enthroned in their hearts. When, before, was affection like this exhibited on earth?—Turn over the records of antient Greece—Review the annals of mighty Rome, examine the volumes of modern Europe, you ſearch in vain. America and her Waſhington only afford the dignified exemplification.

The illuſtrious perſonage, called by the national voice in ſucceſſion to the arduous office of guiding a free people, had new difficulties to encounter; the amicable effort of ſettling our difficulties with France, begun by Waſhington, and purſued by his ſucceſſor in virtue as in ſtation proving abortive, America took meaſures of ſelf-defence. No ſooner was the public mind rouſed by proſpect of danger, than every eye was turned to the friend of all, though ſecluded from public view, and grey in public ſervice: the virtuous veteran, following his plough†, received the unexpected ſummons with mingled emotions of indignation, at the unmerited ill treatment of his country, and of a determination once more to riſk his all in her defence.

The annunciation of theſe feelings, in his affecting letter to the Preſident, accepting the command of the army, concludes his official conduct.

Firſt in war—firſt in peace—and firſt in the hearts of his countrymen, he was ſecond to none in the humble and endearing ſcenes of private life; pious, juſt, humane, temperate and ſincere—uniform, dignified and commanding, his example was as edifying to all around him, as were the effects of that example laſting.

To his equals he was condeſcending, to his inferiors kind, and to the dear object of his affections, exemplary tender; correct throughout, vice ſhuddered in his preſence, and virtue always felt his foſtering hand; the purity of his private character gave effulgence to his public virtues.

His laſt ſcene comported with the whole tenor of his life.—Although in extreme pain, not a ſigh, not a groan eſcaped him; and with undiſturbed ſerenity, he cloſed his well-ſpent life.—Such was the man, America has loſt—Such was the man, for whom our nation mourns.

Methinks I ſee his auguſt image, and hear falling from his venerable lips, theſe deep-ſinking words:——

"CEASE, Sons of America, lamenting our ſeparation: go on, and confirm by your wiſdom the fruits of our joint efforts, and common dangers:—Reverence religion, diffuſe knowledge throughout your land, patronize the arts and ſciences; let Liberty and Order be inſeparable companions.—Controul party ſpirit, the bane of free governments; obſerve good faith to, and cultivate peace with all nations, ſhut up every avenue to foreign influence, contract rather than extend national connexion, rely on yourſelves only: Be Americans, in thought, word, and deed:—Thus will you give immortality to that union, which was the conſtant object of my terreſtrial labours; thus will you preſerve undiſturbed to the lateſt poſterity, the felicity of a people to me moſt dear, and thus will you ſupply (if my happineſs is now ought to you) the only vacancy, in the round of pure bliſs, high Heaven beſtows."

† *General Waſhington, though opulent, gave much of his time and attention to practical agriculture.*

The report of the Secretary of the Treaſury, with the eſtimates of the expences of the Government of the United States for the current year, makes 117 printed pages. The Aurora ſays, another loan is recommended.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

IMPORTANT STATE PAPER.

Copy of a Declaration made by his Imperial Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias, to the Members of the Germanic Empire.

"HIS Imperial Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias, ever animated with zeal for the cauſe of Sovereigns, and wiſhing to put a ſtop to the ravages and diſorders which have been ſpread by the impious government under which France groans, to the remoteſt countries; being fully determined to deſpatch his ſea and land forces for the ſupport of the ſufferers, and to reſtore Royalty in France, without, however, admitting any partition of that country; to re-eſtabliſh the ancient forms of government in the United Netherlands, and in the Swiſs Cantons; to maintain the integrity of the German Empire; and to look for his reward in the happineſs and tranquility of Europe: Providence has bleſſed his arms, and hitherto the Ruſſian troops have triumphed over the enemies of thrones, religion and ſocial order.

"His Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias having thus declared his views, and the motives by which he is guided, addreſſes this declaration to all the members of the German Empire, inviting them to unite their forces with his to deſtroy their common enemy as ſpeedily as poſſible, to found on his ruins permanent tranquility for themſelves and their poſterity.

"Should his Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias perceive that they ſupport his views, and rally around him, he will, inſtead of relaxing his zeal, redouble his exertions, and not ſheath his ſword before he has ſeen the downfall of the Monſter which threatens to cruſh all legal authorities. But, ſhould he be left to himſelf, he will be forced to recal his forces to his States, and to give up a cauſe ſo badly ſupported by thoſe who ought to have the greateſt ſhare in its triumph.

"*Gatſchina, Sept.* 15 (old ſtyle) 1799.

FRONTIERS OF SWABIA, Oct. 3.

Yeſterday morning the Ruſſian Generals received the following order from Field-Marſhal Suwarrow.

GENTLEMEN,

"You will be anſwerable with your heads for every inch of ground that you ſhall give up to the enemy. I have advanced by way of Schwitz, and am ready to repair your errors; ſhew therefore a courage and reſolution which nothing can ſubdue."

CHUR, October 8.

The whole of the Ruſſian army from Italy, together with 10,000 Ruſſians, about 40,000 men in all, are now in the Griſon country. The General Staff and 17 Generals are in this town. Field-marſhal Suwarrow arrived about an hour ago.

SWABIA, October 10.

The following Brigade Orders have been publiſhed, concerning the victory obtained by the Imperial Ruſſian General Roſenberg:

"*Head-Quarters, Gengenbach*, Oct. 9.

"The troops are previouſly informed, that the Imperial Ruſſian General Roſenberg has attacked the enemy near Shewitz, and defeated him, with the loſs of ſeveral thouſand men and a General; the General of Diviſion, Lecourbe was made priſoner, and ſeven pieces of cannon were taken.

(Signed) "Count MERVELDT,
Major-General.

PARIS, Oct. 22.

BUONAPARTE.

Buonaparte did not communicate his intention to leave Egypt to any one but General Berthier. He gave orders to Vice-Admiral Gameaume to prepare four veſſels, without appriſing him for what purpoſe.—This being done, he addreſſed a ſealed billet to each of thoſe whom he wiſhed to bring away with him, with orders not to open it, until ſuch a day, at a certain hour, at a certain place on the ſea ſhore. The 23d of Auguſt was the day appointed, when all thoſe who received the billet repaired to the appointed place, at the appointed time, opened the billet, and read the orders for embarking. They did not loſe a moment, but left all their effects behind, and their horſes on the ſhore, weighed anchor and ſet ſail, but contrary winds detained them at Aboukir until the 25th. Buonaparte left a packet behind him addreſſed to Gen. Kleber, with orders that it ſhould not be opened until 24 hours after his departure. It contained his nomination for the command of the army in all Egypt in his abſence, and for conferring the command in Upper Egypt on General Deſſaix.

October 24.

A Spaniard belonging to the Spaniſh Legation at Vienna, and a courier from Berlin, arrived yeſterday with important deſpatches.

It muſt be recollected, that it is to Buonaparte that La Fayette owes his deliverance from the dungeons of Auſtria. Madame La Fayette went with one of her daughters to thank him, and was received in the moſt benevolent and diſtinguiſhed manner.

LONDON, November 2.

The mail brings a report of a ſeparate peace being about to take place between the Emperor of Germany and the French Republic. The Archduke, it is rumoured has ſent a Colonel to Paris, with very important deſpatches, in anſwer to ſome received from Paris.

November 10.

Preparations are in conſiderable forwardneſs for an expedition, the ſucceſs of which will be a deadly ſtroke to the powerful, though at preſent inactive, marine of the enemy.

Napper Tandy and his aſſociates were yeſterday removed from Newgate, to be conveyed to Ireland.

The total amount of failures which have taken place in Hamburgh, from the 6th of September to the 25th of October, is twenty-ſix million ſeven hundred and fifty-three thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three Banco Marks.

The Duke of York, on landing at Yarmouth on Saturday (attended by General Dundas, Col. Brownrigg, and Sir H. Popham) was met by Lord Duncan, in whoſe carriage his Royal Highneſs was conveyed to the houſe of the noble Admiral by the populace, who took away the horſes, and drew the coach. The Duke arrived in town at ſix o'clock on Monday morning, and ſhortly after ſet off for Windſor, where after a ſhort ſtay with their Majeſties, he proceeded to the Dutcheſs, at Oatlands.

The guards have arrived in town from Holland; from whence 7000 Ruſſians put into Yarmouth on the 7th, in their way to Guernſey.

A treaty of peace, commerce, fiſhery and navigation, has been concluded between his Catholic Majeſty and the Emperor of Morocco, at Mequinez.

Arrived at Torbay, on the 2d of Nov. Lord Bridport, with 27 ſail of the line.

PLYMOUTH, October 31.

During the laſt three days, the dollars captured in the El Thetis and San Brigida, Spaniſh frigates, brought in here ſome days ſince, as particularly ſtated at the time, have been landed: the whole was laſt night completed; and it is found that the number of boxes delivered out of the two ſhips amounts to nine hundred and thirty-five, containing two millions nine hundred thouſand dollars, the eſtimated value of which is upwards of ſix hundred and fifty-two thouſand pounds ſterling; for this only the four Captains concerned will ſhare 41,000l. each, beſides the cargoes, ſhips, and head money.—The dollars were brought from the ſhips in covered waggons, and lodged in the citadel, eſcorted by a party of horſe and foot, and ſeveral ſailors, with drawn cutlaſſes, from each of the frigates, who were ſo fortunate as to be the captors.

CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Friday, January 10.

The Houſe, in Committee of the whole, Mr. Morris in the Chair, reſumed the conſideration of Mr. Nicholas's reſolution for reducing the army eſtabliſhment—when Meſſrs. Kitchell, Gallatin and Randolph ſpoke in favor of it; and Meſſrs. S. Smith, Harper, H. Lee, and Huger, againſt it.

About half paſt five, the call for the queſtion being very loud, it was at length taken, when there appeared in favour of the reſolution 38, againſt it 59.

The Committee then roſe, and the Chairman reported their diſagreement to the reſolution: when the queſtion upon agreeing to the report of the committee was taken in the Houſe by yeas and nays, as follows:

Affirmative.

Meſſrs. Alſton, Baer, Bartlett, Bayard, Bird, Brace, J. Brown, Champlin, Dana, J. Davenport, F. Davenport, Dennis, Dent, Dickſon, Edmond, Evans, A. Foſter, D. Foſter, Freeman, Glen, Goode, C. Goodrich, E. Goodrich, Gordon, Griſwold, Grove, Harper, Hartley, Henderſon, Hill, Huger, Imlay, Kittera, H. Lee, S. Lee, Lyman, Lynn, Marſhall, Morris, Nott, Otis, Page, Parker, Platt, Powell, Reed, Rutledge, Sewall, Sheafe, Shepard, Smith, Talliferro, Thatcher, J.C. Thomas, R. Thomas, Wadſworth, Waln, L. Williams, Wood. 59.

Negative.

Meſſrs. Bailey, Biſhop, R. Brown, Chriſtie, Clay, Claiborne, Condit, Davis, Dawſon, Eggleſton, Elmendorf, Fowler, Gallatin, Gray, Gregg, Hanna, Heiſter, Holmes, Jackſon, Jones, Kitchell, Leib, Lyon, Macon, Muhlenberg, New, Nicholas, Nicholſon, Randolph, Smilie, Stanford, Stone, Sumter, Thompſon, A. Trigg, J. Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Varnum, R. Williams. 39.

And then the Houſe adjourned till Monday morning 11 o'clock.

taken nor unobſerved when to realize the vaſt hopes to which our revolution had given birth, a change of political ſyſtem became indiſpenſible.

How novel, how grand the ſpectacle, independent ſtates ſtretched over an immenſe territory, and known only by common difficulty, clinging to their union as the rock of their ſafety, decided by frank compariſon of their relative condition, to rear on that rock, under the guidance of reaſon, a common government through whoſe commanding protection, liberty and order, with their long train of bleſſings ſhould be ſafe to themſelves, and the ſure inheritance of their poſterity.

This arduous taſk devolved on citizens ſelected by the people, from knowledge of their wiſdom and confidence in their virtue. In this auguſt aſſembly of ſages and of patriots, Waſhington of courſe was found—and, as if acknowledged to be the moſt wiſe, where all were wiſe, with one voice he was declared their chief. How well he merited this rare diſtinction, how faithful were the labours of himſelf and his compatriots, the work of their hands and our union, ſtrength and proſperity, the fruits of that work, beſt atteſt.

But to have eſſentially aided in preſenting to his country this conſummation of her hopes, neither ſatisfied the claims of his fellow-citizens on his talents, nor thoſe duties which the poſſeſſion of thoſe talents impoſed. Heaven had not infuſed into his mind ſuch an uncommon ſhare of its ætherial ſpirit to remain unemployed, nor beſtowed on him his genius unaccompanied with the correſponding duty of devoting it to the common good. To have framed a conſtitution, was ſhewing only, without realizing the general happineſs. This great work remained to be done, and America, ſtedfaſt in her preference, with one voice ſummoned her beloved Waſhington, unpractiſed as he was in the duties of civil adminiſtration, to execute this laſt act in completion of the national felicity. Obedient to her call, he aſſumed the high office with the ſelf-diſtruſt peculiar to his innate modeſty, the conſtant attendant of pre-eminent virtue. What was the burſt of joy through our anxious land on this exhilirating event is known to us all. The aged, the young, the brave, the fair rivalled each other in demonſtrations of their gratitude; and this high wrought, delightful ſcene was heightened in its effect, by the ſingular conteſt between the zeal of the beſtowers and the avoidance of the receiver of the honors beſtowed. Commencing his adminiſtration, what heart is not charmed with the recollection of the pure and wiſe principles announced by himſelf, as the baſis of his political life. He beſt underſtood the indiſſoluble union between virtue and happineſs, between duty and advantage, between genuine maxims of an honeſt and magnanimous policy, and the ſolid rewards of public proſperity and individual felicity; watching with an equal and comprehenſive eye over this great aſſemblage of communities and intereſts, he laid the foundations of our national policy in the unerring immutable principles of morality, baſed on religion, exemplifying the pre-eminence of free government, by all the attributes which win the affections of its citizens or command the reſpect of the world.

"*O fortunatos nimium, ſua ſi bona norint!*"

Leading through the complicated difficulties produced by previous obligations and conflicting intereſts, ſeconded by ſucceeding Houſes of Congreſs, enlightened and patriotic he ſurmounted all original obſtructions, and brightened the path of our national felicity.

The Preſidental term expiring, his ſolicitude to exchange an exaltation for humility returned, with a force encreaſed with increaſe of age, and he had prepared his farewell addreſs to his countrymen, proclaiming his intention when the united interpoſition of all around him, enforced by the eventful proſpects of the epoch, produced a further ſacrifice of inclination to duty. The election of Preſident followed, and Waſhington by the unanimous vote of the nation, was called to reſume the chief magiſtracy; what a wonderful fixture of confidence! Which attracts moſt our admiration, a people ſo correct, or a citizen combining an aſſemblage of talents forbidding rivalry, and ſtifling even envy itſelf? Such a nation ought to be happy, ſuch a chief muſt be forever revered.

War, long menaced by the Indian tribes, now broke out; and the terrible conflict deluging Europe with blood, began to ſhed its baneful influence over our happy land.

To the firſt ourſtretching his invincible arm, under the orders of the gallant Wayne, the American Eagle ſoared triumphant through diſtant foreſts. Peace followed victory, and the melioration of the condition of the enemy followed peace. Godlike virtue which uplifts even the ſubdued ſavage!

To the ſecond he oppoſed himſelf. New and delicate was the conjuncture, and great was the ſtake.—Soon did his penetrating mind diſcern and ſeize the only courſe, continuing to us all, the felicity enjoyed. He iſſued his proclamation of neutrality. This index to him whoſe ſubſequent conduct was ſanctioned by the approbation of both Houſes of Congreſs, and by the approving voice of the people.

To this ſublime policy he inviolably adhered, unmoved by foreign intruſion, unſhaken by domeſtic turbulence.

"*Juſtum et tenacem propoſiti virum*
"*Non civium ardor prava jubentium,*
"*Non vultus inſtantis tyranni*
"*Mente quatit ſolida.*"

Maintaining his pacific ſyſtem at the expence of no duty, America faithful to herſelf, and unſtained in her honor, continued to enjoy the delights of peace, while afflicted Europe mourns in every quarter, under the accumulated miſeries of an unexampled war; miſeries in which our happy country muſt have ſhared, had not our pre-eminent Waſhington been as firm in council as he was brave in the field.

Purſuing ſteadfaſtly his courſe, he held ſafe the public happineſs, preventing foreign war, and quelling internal diſcord, till the revolving period of a third election approached, when he executed his interrupted but inextinguiſhable deſire of returning to the humble walks of private life.

The promulgation of his fixed reſolution ſtopped the anxious wiſh of an affectionate people, from adding a third unanimous teſtimonial of their unabated confidence in the man ſo long enthroned in their hearts. When, before, was affection like this exhibited on earth?—Turn over the records of antient Greece—Review the annals of mighty Rome, examine the volumes of modern Europe, you ſearch in vain. America and her Waſhington only afford the dignified exemplification.

The illuſtrious perſonage, called by the national voice in ſucceſſion to the arduous office of guiding a free people, had new difficulties to encounter; the amicable effort of ſettling our diſſiculties with France, begun by Waſhington, and purſued by his ſucceſſor in virtue as in ſtation proving abortive, America took meaſures of ſelf-defence. No ſooner was the public mind rouſed by proſpect of danger, than every eye was turned to the friend of all, though ſecluded from public view, and grey in public ſervice: the virtuous veteran, following his plough†, received the unexpected ſummons with mingled emotions of indignation, at the unmerited ill treatment of his country, and of a determination once more to riſk his all in her defence.

The annunciation of theſe feelings, in his affecting letter to the Preſident, accepting the command of the army, concludes his official conduct.

Firſt in war—firſt in peace—and firſt in the hearts of his countrymen, he was ſecond to none in the humble and endearing ſcenes of private life; pious, juſt, humane, temperate and ſincere—uniform, dignified and commanding, his example was as edifying to all around him, as were the effects of that example laſting.

To his equals he was condeſcending, to his inferiors kind, and to the dear object of his affections, exemplary tender; correct throughout, vice ſhuddered in his preſence, and virtue always felt his foſtering hand; the purity of his private character gave effulgence to his public virtues.

His laſt ſcene comported with the whole tenor of his life.—Although in extreme pain, not a ſigh, not a groan eſcaped him; and with undiſturbed ſerenity, he cloſed his well-ſpent life.—Such was the man, America has loſt—Such was the man, for whom our nation mourns.

Methinks I ſee his auguſt image, and hear falling from his venerable lips, theſe deep-ſinking words:——

"CEASE, Sons of America, lamenting our ſeparation: go on, and confirm by your wiſdom the fruits of our joint efforts, and common dangers:—Reverence religion, diffuſe knowledge throughout your land, patronize the arts and ſciences; let Liberty and Order be inſeparable companions.—Controul party ſpirit, the bane of free governments; obſerve good faith to, and cultivate peace with all nations, ſhut up every avenue to foreign influence, contract rather than extend national connexion, rely on yourſelves only: Be Americans, in thought, word, and deed:—Thus will you give immortality to that union, which was the conſtant object of my terreſtrial labours; thus will you preſerve undiſturbed to the lateſt poſterity, the felicity of a people to me moſt dear, and thus will you ſupply (if my happineſs is now ought to you) the only vacancy, in the round of pure bliſs, high Heaven beſtows."

† *General Waſhington, though opulent, gave much of his time and attention to practical agriculture.*

The report of the Secretary of the Treaſury, with the eſtimates of the expences of the Government of the United States for the current year, makes 117 printed pages. The Aurora ſays, another loan is recommended.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

IMPORTANT STATE PAPER.

Copy of a Declaration made by his Imperial Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias, to the Members of the Germanic Empire.

"HIS Imperial Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias, ever animated with zeal for the cauſe of Sovereigns, and wiſhing to put a ſtop to the ravages and diſorders which have been ſpread by the impious government under which France groans, to the remoteſt countries; being fully determined to deſpatch his ſea and land forces for the ſupport of the ſufferers, and to reſtore Royalty in France, without, however, admitting any partition of that country; to re-eſtabliſh the ancient forms of government in the United Netherlands, and in the Swiſs Cantons; to maintain the integrity of the German Empire; and to look for his reward in the happineſs and tranquility of Europe: Providence has bleſſed his arms, and hitherto the Ruſſian troops have triumphed over the enemies of thrones, religion and ſocial order.

"His Majeſty the Emperor of all the Ruſſias having thus declared his views, and the motives by which he is guided, addreſſes this declaration to all the members of the German Empire, inviting them to unite their forces with his to deſtroy their common enemy as ſpeedily as poſſible, to found on his ruins permanent tranquility for themſelves and their poſterity.

"Should his Imperial Majeſty of all the Ruſſias perceive that they ſupport his views, and rally around him, he will, inſtead of relaxing his zeal, redouble his exertions, and not ſheath his ſword before he has ſeen the downfall of the Monſter which threatens to cruſh all legal authorities. But, ſhould he be left to himſelf, he will be forced to recal his forces to his States, and to give up a cauſe ſo badly ſupported by thoſe who ought to have the greateſt ſhare in its triumph.

"*Gatſchina, Sept.* 15 (old ſtyle) 1799.

FRONTIERS OF SWABIA, Oct. 3.

Yeſterday morning the Ruſſian Generals received the following order from Field-Marſhal Suwarrow.

GENTLEMEN,

"You will be anſwerable with your heads for every inch of ground that you ſhall give up to the enemy. I have advanced by way of Schwitz, and am ready to repair your errors; ſhew therefore a courage and reſolution which nothing can ſubdue."

CHUR, October 8.

The whole of the Ruſſian army from Italy, together with 10,000 Ruſſians, about 40,000 men in all, are now in the Griſon country. The General Staff and 17 Generals are in this town. Field-marſhal Suwarrow arrived about an hour ago.

SWABIA, October 10.

The following Brigade Orders have been publiſhed, concerning the victory obtained by the Imperial Ruſſian General Roſenberg:

"*Head-Quarters, Gengenbach*, Oct. 9.

"The troops are previouſly informed, that the Imperial Ruſſian General Roſenberg has attacked the enemy near Shewitz, and defeated him, with the loſs of ſeveral thouſand men and a General; the General of Diviſion, Lecourbe was made priſoner, and ſeven pieces of cannon were taken.

(Signed) "Count MERVELDT,
Major-General.

PARIS, Oct. 22.

BUONAPARTE.

Buonaparte did not communicate his intention to leave Egypt to any one but General Berthier. He gave orders to Vice-Admiral Gameaume to prepare four veſſels, without appriſing him for what purpoſe.—This being done, he addreſſed a ſealed billet to each of thoſe whom he wiſhed to bring away with him, with orders not to open it, until ſuch a day, at a certain hour, at a certain place on the ſea ſhore. The 23d of Auguſt was the day appointed, when all thoſe who received the billet repaired to the appointed place, at the appointed time, opened the billet, and read the orders for embarking. They did not loſe a moment, but left all their effects behind, and their horſes on the ſhore, weighed anchor and ſet ſail, but contrary winds detained them at Aboukir until the 25th. Buonaparte left a packet behind him addreſſed to Gen. Kleber, with orders that it ſhould not be opened until 24 hours after his departure. It contained his nomination for the command of the army in all Egypt in his abſence, and for conferring the command in Upper Egypt on General Deſſaix.

October 24.

A Spaniard belonging to the Spaniſh Legation at Vienna, and a courier from Berlin, arrived yeſterday with important deſpatches.

It muſt be recollected, that it is to Buonaparte that La Fayette owes his deliverance from the dungeons of Auſtria. Madame La Fayette went with one of her daughters to thank him, and was received in the moſt benevolent and diſtinguiſhed manner.

LONDON, November 2.

The mail brings a report of a ſeparate peace being about to take place between the Emperor of Germany and the French Republic. The Archduke, it is rumoured has ſent a Colonel to Paris, with very important deſpatches, in anſwer to ſome received from Paris.

November 10.

Preparations are in conſiderable forwardneſs for an expedition, the ſucceſs of which will be a deadly ſtroke to the powerful, though at preſent inactive, marine of the enemy.

Napper Tandy and his aſſociates were yeſterday removed from Newgate, to be conveyed to Ireland.

The total amount of failures which have taken place in Hamburgh, from the 6th of September to the 25th of October, is twenty-ſix million ſeven hundred and fifty-three thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three Banco Marks.

The Duke of York, on landing at Yarmouth on Saturday (attended by General Dundas, Col. Brownrigg, and Sir H. Popham) was met by Lord Duncan, in whoſe carriage his Royal Highneſs was conveyed to the houſe of the noble Admiral by the populace, who took away the horſes, and drew the coach. The Duke arrived in town at ſix o'clock on Monday morning, and ſhortly after ſet off for Windſor, where after a ſhort ſtay with their Majeſties, he proceeded to the Dutcheſs, at Oatlands.

The guards have arrived in town from Holland; from whence 7000 Ruſſians put into Yarmouth on the 7th, in their way to Guernſey.

A treaty of peace, commerce, fiſhery and navigation, has been concluded between his Catholic Majeſty and the Emperor of Morocco, at Mequinez.

Arrived at Torbay, on the 2d of Nov. Lord Bridport, with 27 ſail of the line.

PLYMOUTH, October 31.

During the laſt three days, the dollars captured in the El Thetis and San Brigida, Spaniſh frigates, brought in here ſome days ſince, as particularly ſtated at the time, have been landed: the whole was laſt night completed; and it is found that the number of boxes delivered out of the two ſhips amounts to nine hundred and thirty-five, containing two millions nine hundred thouſand dollars, the eſtimated value of which is upwards of ſix hundred and fifty-two thouſand pounds ſterling; for this only the four Captains concerned will ſhare 41,000l. each, beſides the cargoes, ſhips, and head money.—The dollars were brought from the ſhips in covered waggons, and lodged in the citadel, eſcorted by a party of horſe and foot, and ſeveral ſailors, with drawn cutlaſſes, from each of the frigates, who were ſo fortunate as to be the captors.

CONGRESS
OF THE UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Friday, January 10.

The Houſe, in Committee of the whole, Mr. Morris in the Chair, reſumed the conſideration of Mr. Nicholas's reſolution for reducing the army eſtabliſhment—when Meſſrs. Kitchell, Gallatin and Randolph ſpoke in favor of it; and Meſſrs. S. Smith, Harper, H. Lee, and Huger, againſt it.

About half paſt five, the call for the queſtion being very loud, it was at length taken, when there appeared in favour of the reſolution 38, againſt it 59.

The Committee then roſe, and the Chairman reported their diſagreement to the reſolution; when the queſtion upon agreeing to the report of the committee was taken in the Houſe by yeas and nays, as follows:

Affirmative.

Meſſes. Alſton, Baer, Bartlett, Bayard, Bird, Brace, J. Brown, Champlin, Dana, J. Davenport, F. Davenport, Dennis, Dent, Dickſon, Edmond, Evans, A. Foſter, D. Foſter, Freeman, Glen, Goode, C. Goodrich, E. Goodrich, Gordon, Griſwold, Grove, Harper, Hartley, Henderſon, Hill, Hunger, Imlay, Kittera, H. Lee, S. Lee, Lyman, Lynn, Marſhall, Morris, Nott, Otis, Page, Parker, Platt, Powell, Reed, Rutledge, Sewall, Sheafe, Shepard, Smith, Taliaferro, Thatcher, J.C. Thomas, R. Thomas, Wadſworth, Waln, L. Williams, Wood. 59.

Negative.

Meſſrs. Bailey, Biſhop, R. Brown, Chriſtie, Clay, Claiborne, Condit, Davis, Dawſon, Eggleſton, Elmendorf, Fowler, Gallatin, Gray, Gregg, Hanna, Heiſter, Holmes, Jackſon, Jones, Kitchell, Leib, Lyon, Macon, Muhlenberg, New, Nicholas, Nicholſon, Randolph, Smilie, Stanford, Stone, Sumter, Thompſon, A. Trigg, J. Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Varnum, R. Williams. 39.

And then the Houſe adjourned till Monday morning 11 o'clock.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.

The following letters were on Wednesday ſent to Congreſs by the Preſident of the United States:

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

In compliance with the requeſt in one of the reſolutions of Congreſs of the 21ſt of December laſt, I tranſmitted a copy of thoſe reſolutions by my Secretary, Mr. Shaw, to Mrs. Waſhington, aſſuring her of the profound reſpect Congreſs will ever bear to her perſon and character—of their condolence in the late afflicting diſpenſation of Providence, and intreating her aſſent to the interment of the remains of General GEORGE WASHINGTON in the manner expreſſed in the firſt reſolution. As the ſentiments of that virtuous lady, not leſs beloved by this nation than ſhe is at preſent greatly afflicted, can never be ſo well expreſſed as in her own words, I tranſmit to Congreſs her original letter.

It would be an attempt of too much delicacy to make any comments upon it—but there can be no doubt that the nation at large, as well as all the branches of the government, will be highly gratified by any arrangement which may diminiſh the ſacrifice ſhe makes of her individual feelings.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States, January 8, 1800.

Mount-Vernon, Dec. 31, 1799.

SIR,

While I feel with keeneſt auguiſh the late diſpenſation of Divine Providence, I cannot be inſenſible to the mournful tributes of reſpect and veneration, which are paid to the memory of my dear deceaſed huſband; and as his beſt ſervices and his anxious wiſhes were always devoted to the welfare and happineſs of his country, to know that they were truly appreciated and gratefully remembered, affords no inconſiderable conſolation.

Taught by the great example, which I have ſo long had before me, never to oppoſe my private wiſhes to the public will, I muſt conſent to the requeſt made by Congreſs, which you have had the goodneſs to tranſmit to me; and in doing this, I need not—I cannot ſay, what a ſacrifice of individual feeling I make to a ſenſe of public duty.

With grateful acknowledgment and unfeigned thanks for the perſonal reſpect and evidence of condolence expreſſed by Congreſs and yourſelf.

I remain very reſpectfully,
Sir,
Your moſt obedient
Humble Servant,
MARTHA WASHINGTON.

The Preſident of the United States.

Extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, dated Dec. 20, 1799.

"The United States Frigate General Greene put in here to repair ſome damages ſuſtained in a gale of wind.

"Gen Touſſaint is victorious over Rigaud and it is generally expected here, he will ſoon put an end to the war.

"The price of Coffee, Sugar and Logwood is falling very faſt."

Extract of a letter from Alexandria, Vir.

"Gen. Waſhington has left Mount-Vernon, and all his papers, to Judge Waſhington. His negroes are to be free after the death of Mrs. Waſhington, who during her life retains poſſeſſion of the whole eſtate; and after her death, it is to be divided equally among his own family and her grand children."

NEWPORT, *January* 21.

A Letter from India to a Merchant in New-York, mentions, that on the 30th June Kiſtna Rajah Oudiaver, was crowned King of Myſore by the Engliſh General Harris. Tippoo Saib had 11 Sons, 4 of them are now ſupported by the Engliſh, and no One can tell what has become of the Reſt. The Britiſh have retained in their Poſſeſſion Seringapatam, and all the Sea Ports on both Coaſts of Malabar and Coremandel."

At New-Brunſwick, on the 10th inſtant, ſix Houſes were conſumed by Fire.

MARRIED.]—At Germantown, Pennſylvania, Mr. *John Edmund Harwood*, to Miſs *Eliza Franklin Bache*, Daughter of Richard Bache, Eſq;

DIED.]—At Portſmouth, on the 19th Inſt. Mr. *Iſaac Hall* (Son of Mr. George Hall) in the 24th Year of his Age.—His Funeral will be To-morrow at 2 o'Clock, which his Friends and Relations are deſired to attend.

—At Warwick, in the 36th Year of her Age, Miſs *Agnes Greene*, Daughter of the late James Greene, Eſq;

—At Providence in an advanced Age, Mrs. *Jemima Field*, Relict of the late Mr. William Field.

—On Friday Evening laſt, the 17th Inſt. Miſs *Frances Lightfoot*, Daughter of the late Robert Lightfoot, Eſq.—A Lady, whoſe Propriety of Conduct, and virtuous Life, during a Reſidence of ſeveral Years in this Town, gained her the Eſteem of all her Acquaintance;—and, on Yeſterday Afternoon, her Remains, attended by a Number of reſpectable Inhabitants, were ſolemnly interred in Trinity-Church Yard.

☞ *The Rev. Mr.* PATTEN'S *TWO FUNERAL DISCOURSES, delivered 29th December, 1799, are ready for Delivery to Subſcribers.——Perſons holding Subſcription Papers, are requeſted to return them to the Printer.*

Newport, 21ſt January, 1800.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1800.

JANUARY	Thermo. 8 A.M.	Thermo. 2 P.M.	Wind. 8 A.M.	Wind. 2 P.M.	Weather. 8 A.M.	Weather. 2 P.M.
	Deg.					
14	35	45	W.	NW.	Fair.	Do.
15	40	40	N.	S.	Fair.	Do.
16	42	47	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Cloudy.
17	42	40	NE.	W.	Cloudy.	Do.
18	40	36	SW.	W.	Rain.	Fair.
19	32	36	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Bluſtering.
20	29	41	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Cloudy.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of Newport, Jan. 20.

ENTERED,	*From*
Schooner Two Siſters, Tripp,	New-Bedford
Sloop Romeo, Heath,	Providence
Gen. Greene, Waldin,	Ditto
CLEARED,	*For*
Ship Juno, Smith,	Batavia
Brig Venilia, Carter,	Baltimore
Schooner Sally, Lawrance,	Cherry-Stone
Abigail, Cottrell,	Charleſton
Sloop Eagle, Read,	Boſton
Betſy, Simmons,	Beacon-Iſland
Betſy, Chace,	Ditto

Newport, Jan. 18, 1800.

Yeſterday agreeably to the Sentence of a General Court-Martial, James, (alias Parker) Heſmer, and John Durrah, were drummed out of the United States Army, with a Halter about their Necks, after receiving Ninety-nine Laſhes each, and having Half their Heads and one Eyebrow ſhaved off, and declared unfit ever after to ſerve in the Army of the United States.——The Crimes of which they were convicted, and for which they ſuffered, were repeated Deſertions, and enliſting under different Names.——The Recruiting Officers are cautioned againſt enliſting them—and the Printers are requeſted to publiſh the above, for the Good of the Public.

DANIEL JACKSON, *Major, Commandant.*

CHRISTOPHER HOLT

Begs Leave to inform his Cuſtomers and the Public,

THAT he has removed from Thames-ſtreet to the Houſe next above the Printing-Office, on the Parade—where he continues the BOOT and SHOE-MAKING Buſineſs as uſual.

A JOURNEYMAN Shoemaker will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to him.

Alſo wanted, an APPRENTICE to the above Buſineſs.

Newport, January 20, 1800.

CINCINNATI.

AT a Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Rhode-Iſland State Society of Cincinnati, January 6th, 1800.—The Committee, penetrated with the deepeſt Sorrow for the irreparable Loſs the Nation and Humanity in general have ſuſtained in the Death of that true Patriot, Father and Saviour of his Country, General GEORGE WASHINGTON—

Reſolved unanimously, That it be recommended to the Members of the ſaid Society, to wear black Crape or Ribbon on the left Arm, below the Elbow, until the 30th Day of June next, as a Tribute of Honour and Eſteem due to the Memory of the late venerated Preſident-General of the Cincinnati; and that the above be publiſhed in the Newport and Providence Papers.

A true Copy from the Minutes:
DANIEL S. DEXTER.

TO BE LET,

And entered on the 25th of March next,

A FARM, lying in Coggeſhall's Neck, containing 104 Acres, which formerly belonged to James Coggeſhall.——Apply to

THOMAS G. HAZARD.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOUND,

In the lower Part of the Town, a few Days ſince,

A SILVER WATCH.—The Perſon owning the ſame, by applying to the Subſcriber, deſcribing the ſame, and paying Charges, may have it again.

OLIVER DAVIS,
at Mr. Thomas Clarke's.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

C. FOWLER & Company,

HAVE FOR SALE,

30,000 Wt. Hiſpaniola Coffee,
4000 Wt. Cotton,
300 Bolts Ruſſia and Ravens Duck,
2 Hogſheads Virginia Tobacco,
30 Crates of CROCKERY:—Containing a great Variety of Cream coloured and figured WARE.

Together with a general Aſſortment of

GROCERIES,

And a conſtant Supply of Superfine and Common

FLOUR,

per Quantity or ſingle Barrel.

Shopkeepers in Town and Country, are invited to call at the above Store for Supplies, where they may depend on being furniſhed on the moſt reaſonable Terms.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A South-Weſt View of the TOWN OF NEWPORT.——Alſo, Approved Likeneſſes of the *GENERALS* SUWAROFF, at 75 Cents—and BUONAPARTE, at 25 Cents.——Apply to SAMUEL KING, at his Shop, in Thames-ſtreet.

Newport, January 6, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A very neat Franklin STOVE, almoſt New.——Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

Salt-Petre'd HAMS, and CANDLES by the Box, for Sale, by

J. & H. CAHOONE.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

THOSE Perſons who have Demands againſt the Eſtate of *OLIVER R. WARNER*, Eſq; deceaſed, are requeſted to exhibit them to the Subſcriber for Settlement;—and thoſe indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH WARNER, Executrix.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOR SALE,

Lying in North-Kingstown, Two Miles South-West from Wickford, on the Country Road,

A ſmall Lot of LAND, with a Dwelling-Houſe thereon, and a Shop adjoining;—alſo One Half of a Lot of Land, and One Half of a Griſt-Mill; has a good Run of Cuſtom, and a remarkable good Stream of Water; there is Three ſeparate Mill-Streams, that comes into One Head that attends ſaid Mill; it is a good Stand for Retailing Buſineſs.—For further Particulars inquire of the Subſcriber,

BENJAMIN DAVIS.

North-Kingstown, Jan. 13, 1800.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on FRIDAY the 21ſt Day of February next, at XI o'Clock, A. M.

A Large, Three-Story DWELLING-HOUSE, with the Two Shops adjoining:——Very conveniently ſituated in a public Part of the Town—late the Eſtate of OLIVER DURFEE, Eſq; deceaſed.

Newport, January 20, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subſcribers were, on the 28th Day of December laſt, duly appointed, by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Eaſt-Greenwich, Adminiſtrators on the Eſtate of *BENJAMIN FRY*, late of Eaſt-Greenwich, deceaſed; all Perſons having Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to exhibit them for Settlement within One Year from this Date, or they will be excluded from Payment by Law; and all indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make immediate Payment to

JOHN FRY,
ALLEN FRY,
ANDREW FRY, } *Adm'rs.*

East-Greenwich, Jan. 14, 1800.

WHEREAS the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of North-Kingſtown, have appointed us the Subſcribers Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Capt. JOHN WALL, late of ſaid Town deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent; and allowed us Six Months from the Date hereof for that Purpoſe: Therefore all Perſons having Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring them in unto either of us the Subſcribers, at our reſpective Dwellings, within Six Months from the Date hereof.

GEORGE THOMAS,
ISAAC D. VAUGHAN, } *Com'rs.*

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are hereby requeſted to make immediate Payment to

DANIEL E. UPDIKE, *Adm'r.*

North-Kingstown, Jan. 13, 1800.

☞ *Advertiſements omitted this Week will be carefully attended to in our next.*

A NATION IN *TEARS!*

THE *PARENT* OF *LIBERTY* reſts with *his FATHERS.*

PROPOSALS

For Publiſhing, by Subſcription,

A COLLECTION of the moſt intereſting Pieces,

That have Relation to the Death of

GENERAL

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

NAMELY

I. The Communications of the ſeveral Departments of State, announcing his Death.
II. The Directions preparatory to his funeral Honors.
III. "WHSHINGTON'S FUNERAL."
IV. The Condolance of the Senate and the Preſident's Anſwer.
V. The public Teſtimonials of Grief of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
VI. The Preſident's Letter to Mrs. WASHINGTON, with the reſolves of Congreſs, entreating her aſſent to the interment of the remains of her Huſband in the manner therein expreſſed—and her anſwer.
VII. The Speeches, Eulogies, and Orations (carefully arranged in their order of time) that have been delivered in Congreſs and elſewhere (together with numerous extracts, ſtudiouſly ſelected from the beſt Sermons) on the occaſion—citing the names of the perſons from whom they are taken, and to the time and place of their delivery.

There will be prefixed to the work an accurate Copperplate, of the Portrait of *WASHINGTON*, taken by a celebrated Limner of Philadelphia, and a liſt of the Subſcribers added.

The above to compriſe a duodecimo volume, of between *two* and three hundred pages, printed on fine paper, with a new and handſome type, neatly bound and lettered, and entitled, *MEMORY OF WASHINGTON. Price*, to ſubſcribers, *One Dollar*—to non-ſubſcribers, *One Dollar 25 Cents.*

It may ſeem needleſs to offer a ſingle remark calculated to excite an encouragement to theſe propoſals. Is it not ſufficient to conſider that a work of this nature will be the moſt laſting and deſcriptive Monument to his Memory;—a Monument of the Love, Eſteem, and grateful Sorrow of his Countrymen, by which his breathleſs frame has been floated to the Tomb.

☞ *A return of the Subſcriptions is requeſted by the First of April, as it will then be neceſſary to have them, that the names of the ſubſcribers may be added to the work.*

OLIVER FARNSWORTH.

NEWPORT, (R. I.) January 21ſt, 1800.

—Printers, generally, are requeſted to give place to the above in their reſpective Newſpapers, as papers for ſubſcription, will be lodged at moſt of the principal Poſt Offices, through the United States.

ETHAN CLARKE

HAS FOR SALE,

A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes, of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Caſks; Molaſſes and New-England Rum by Hogſhead; and Anchors, &c. as uſual.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Baniſter's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceaſed, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Muſtard; Codfiſh; an Aſſortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Ink-ſtands; Decanters, Wine Glaſſes, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Bruſhes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Caſes of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Cheſt Locks; Braſs Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouſe Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Bruſhes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fiſhing-Lines; Fiſh Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fiſhing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Patent and other Time Glaſſes; Double Battle and other Gunpowder; Drawing-Knives; Nova-Scotia Grindſtones; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Caſk, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.

The following letters were on Wednesday sent to Congress by the President of the United States:

Gentlemen of the Senate, and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives,

In compliance with the request in one of the resolutions of Congress of the 21st of December last, I transmitted a copy of those resolutions by my Secretary, Mr. Shaw, to Mrs. Washington, assuring her of the profound respect Congress will ever bear to her person and character—of their condolence in the late afflicting dispensation of Providence, and intreating her assent to the interment of the remains of General GEORGE WASHINGTON in the manner expressed in the first resolution. As the sentiments of that virtuous lady, not less beloved by this nation than she is at present greatly afflicted, can never be so well expressed as in her own words, I transmit to Congress her original letter.

It would be an attempt of too much delicacy to make any comments upon it—but there can be no doubt that the nation at large, as well as all the branches of the government, will be highly gratified by any arrangement which may diminish the sacrifice she makes of her individual feelings.

JOHN ADAMS.

United States, January 8, 1800.

—

Mount-Vernon, Dec. 31, 1799.

SIR,

While I feel with keenest auguish the late dispensation of Divine Providence, I cannot be insensible to the mournful tributes of respect and veneration, which are paid to the memory of my dear deceased husband; and as his best services and his anxious wishes were always devoted to the welfare and happiness of his country, to know that they were truly appreciated and gratefully remembered, affords no inconsiderable consolation.

Taught by the great example, which I have so long had before me, never to oppose my private wishes to the public will, I must consent to the request made by Congress, which you have had the goodness to transmit to me; and in doing this, I need not—I cannot say, what a sacrifice of individual feeling I make to a sense of public duty.

With grateful acknowledgment and unfeigned thanks for the personal respect and evidence of condolence expressed by Congress and yourself.

I remain very respectfully,
Sir,
Your most obedient
Humble Servant,
MARTHA WASHINGTON.

The President of the United States.

—

Extract of a letter from Cape-Francois, dated Dec. 20, 1799.

"The United States Frigate General Greene put in here to repair some damages sustained in a gale of wind.

"Gen Toussaint is victorious over Rigaud and it is generally expected here, he will soon put an end to the war.

"The price of Coffee, Sugar and Logwood is falling very fast."

Extract of a letter from Alexandria, Vir.

"Gen. Washington has left Mount-Vernon, and all his papers, to Judge Washington. His negroes are to be free after the death of Mrs. Washington, who during her life retains possession of the whole estate; and after her death, it is to be divided equally among his own family and her grand children."

NEWPORT, *January* 21.

A Letter from India to a Merchant in New-York, mentions, that on the 30th June Kistna Rajah Oudiaver, was crowned King of Mysore by the English General Harris. Tippoo Saib had 11 Sons, 4 of them are now supported by the English, and no One can tell what has become of the Rest. The British have retained in their Possession Seringapatam, and all the Sea Ports on both Coasts of Malabar and Coremandel."

At New-Brunswick, on the 10th instant, six Houses were consumed by Fire.

MARRIED.]—At Germantown, Pennsylvania, Mr. *John Edmund Harwood*, to Miss *Eliza Franklin Bache*, Daughter of Richard Bache, Esq;

DIED.]—At Portsmouth, on the 19th Inst. Mr. *Isaac Hall* (Son of Mr. George Hall) in the 24th Year of his Age.—His Funeral will be To-morrow at 2 o'Clock, which his Friends and Relations are desired to attend.

—At Warwick, in the 36th Year of her Age, Miss *Agnes Greene*, Daughter of the late James Greene, Esq;

—At Providence in an advanced Age, Mrs. *Jemima Field*, Relict of the late Mr. William Field.

—On Friday Evening last, the 17th Inst. Miss *Frances Lightfoot*, Daughter of the late Robert Lightfoot, Esq.—A Lady, whose Propriety of Conduct, and virtuous Life, during a Residence of several Years in this Town, gained her the Esteem of all her Acquaintance;—and, on Yesterday Afternoon, her Remains, attended by a Number of respectable Inhabitants, were solemnly interred in Trinity-Church Yard.

☞ *The Rev. Mr.* PATTEN'S *TWO FUNERAL DISCOURSES, delivered 29th December, 1799, are ready for Delivery to Subscribers.——Persons holding Subscription Papers, are requested to return them to the Printer.*

Newport, 21st January, 1800.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1800.

JANUARY	Thermo. 8 A.M.	Thermo. 2 P.M.	Wind. 8 A.M.	Wind. 2 P.M.	Weather. 8 A.M.	Weather. 2 P.M.
	Deg.					
14	35	45	W.	NW.	Fair.	Do.
15	40	40	N.	S.	Fair.	Do.
16	42	47	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Cloudy.
17	42	40	NE.	W.	Cloudy.	Do.
18	40	36	SW.	W.	Rain.	Fair.
19	32	36	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Blustering.
20	29	41	SW.	Do.	Fair.	Cloudy.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, Jan. 20.

ENTERED, *From*

Schooner Two Sisters, Tripp, New-Bedford
Sloop Romeo, Heath, Providence
Gen. Greene, Waldin, Ditto

CLEARED, *For*

Ship Juno, Smith, Batavia
Brig Venilia, Carter, Baltimore
Schooner Sally, Lawrance, Cherry-Stone
Abigail, Cottrell, Charleston
Sloop Eagle, Read, Boston
Betsy, Simmons, Beacon-Island
Betsy, Chace, Ditto

Newport, Jan. 18, 1800.

Yesterday agreeably to the Sentence of a General Court-Martial, James, (alias Parker) Hosmer, and John Durrah, were drummed out of the United States Army, with a Halter about their Necks, after receiving Ninety-nine Lashes each, and having Half their Heads and one Eyebrow shaved off, and declared unfit ever after to serve in the Army of the United States.——The Crimes of which they were convicted, and for which they suffered, were repeated Desertions, and enlisting under different Names.——The Recruiting Officers are cautioned against enlisting them—and the Printers are requested to publish the above, for the Good of the Public.

DANIEL JACKSON, *Major, Commandant.*

CHRISTOPHER HOLT

Begs Leave to inform his Customers and the Public,

THAT he has removed from Thames-street to the House next above the Printing-Office, on the Parade—where he continues the BOOT and SHOE-MAKING Business as usual.

A JOURNEYMAN Shoemaker will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to him.

Also wanted, an APPRENTICE to the above Business.

Newport, January 20, 1800.

CINCINNATI.

AT a Meeting of the Standing Committee of the Rhode-Island State Society of Cincinnati, January 6th, 1800.—The Committee, penetrated with the deepest Sorrow for the irreparable Loss the Nation and Humanity in general have sustained in the Death of that true Patriot, Father and Saviour of his Country, General GEORGE WASHINGTON—

Resolved unanimously, That it be recommended to the Members of the said Society, to wear black Crape or Ribbon on the left Arm, below the Elbow, until the 30th Day of June next, as a Tribute of Honour and Esteem due to the Memory of the late venerated President-General of the Cincinnati; and that the above be published in the Newport and Providence Papers.

A true Copy from the Minutes:
DANIEL S. DEXTER.

TO BE LET,

And entered on the 25th of March next,

A FARM, lying in Coggeshall's Neck, containing 104 Acres, which formerly belonged to James Coggeshall.——Apply to

THOMAS G. HAZARD.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOUND,

In the lower Part of the Town, a few Days since,

A SILVER WATCH.—The Person owning the same, by applying to the Subscriber, describing the same, and paying Charges, may have it again.

OLIVER DAVIS,
at Mr. Thomas Clarke's.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

C. FOWLER & Company,

HAVE FOR SALE,

30,000 Wt. Hispaniola Coffee,
4000 Wt. Cotton,
300 Bolts Russia and Ravens Duck,
2 Hogsheads Virginia Tobacco,
30 Crates of CROCKERY:—Containing a great Variety of Cream coloured and figured WARE.

Together with a general Assortment of GROCERIES,

And a constant Supply of Superfine and Common

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per Quantity or single Barrel.

Shopkeepers in Town and Country, are invited to call at the above Store for Supplies, where they may depend on being furnished on the most reasonable Terms.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A South-West View of the TOWN OF NEWPORT.——Also, Approved Likenesses of the *GENERALS* SUWAROFF, at 75 Cents—and BUONAPARTE, at 25 Cents.——Apply to SAMUEL KING, at his Shop, in Thames-street.

Newport, January 6, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A very neat Franklin STOVE, almost New.——Inquire of the Printer.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

Salt-Petre'd HAMS, and CANDLES by the Box, for Sale, by

J. & H. CAHOONE.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

THOSE Persons who have Demands against the Estate of *OLIVER R. WARNER*, Esq; deceased, are requested to exhibit them to the Subscriber for Settlement;—and those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH WARNER, Executrix.

Newport, Jan. 20, 1800.

FOR SALE,

Lying in North-Kingstown, Two Miles South-West from Wickford, on the Country Road,

A small Lot of LAND, with a Dwelling-House thereon, and a Shop adjoining;—also One Half of a Lot of Land, and One Half of a Grist-Mill; has a good Run of Custom, and a remarkable good Stream of Water; there is Three separate Mill-Streams, that comes into One Head that attends said Mill; it is a good Stand for Retailing Business.—For further Particulars inquire of the Subscriber,

BENJAMIN DAVIS.

North-Kingstown, Jan. 13, 1800.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on FRIDAY the 21st Day of February next, at XI o'Clock, A. M.

A Large, Three-Story DWELLING-HOUSE, with the Two Shops adjoining:——Very conveniently situated in a public Part of the Town—late the Estate of OLIVER DURFEE, Esq; deceased.

Newport, January 20, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscribers were, on the 28th Day of December last, duly appointed, by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of East-Greenwich, Administrators on the Estate of *BENJAMIN FRY*, late of East-Greenwich, deceased; all Persons having Demands against said Estate, are requested to exhibit them for Settlement within One Year from this Date, or they will be excluded from Payment by Law; and all indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate Payment to

JOHN FRY,
ALLEN FRY,
ANDREW FRY, } *Adm'rs.*

East-Greenwich, Jan. 14, 1800.

WHEREAS the Hon. Court of Probate of the Town of North-Kingstown, have appointed us the Subscribers Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims of the Creditors to the Estate of Capt. JOHN WALL, late of said Town deceased, represented Insolvent; and allowed us Six Months from the Date hereof for that Purpose: Therefore all Persons having Demands against said Estate, are requested to bring them in unto either of us the Subscribers, at our respective Dwellings, within Six Months from the Date hereof.

GEORGE THOMAS,
ISAAC D. VAUGHAN, } *Com'rs.*

All Persons indebted to said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate Payment to

DANIEL E. UPDIKE, *Adm'r.*

North-Kingstown, Jan. 13, 1800.

☞ *Advertisements omitted this Week will be carefully attended to in our next.*

A NATION IN *TEARS!*

THE *PARENT* OF *LIBERTY rests with his FATHERS.*

PROPOSALS

For Publishing, by Subscription,

A COLLECTION of the most interesting Pieces,

That have Relation to the Death of

GENERAL

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

NAMELY

I. The Communications of the several Departments of State, announcing his Death.
II. The Directions preparatory to his funeral Honors.
III. "WHSHINGTON'S FUNERAL."
IV. The Condolance of the Senate and the President's Answer.
V. The public Testimonials of Grief of the House of Representatives.
VI. The President's Letter to Mrs. WASHINGTON, with the resolves of Congress, entreating her assent to the interment of the remains of her Husband in the manner therein expressed—and her answer.
VII. The Speeches, Eulogies, and Orations (carefully arranged in their order of time) that have been delivered in Congress and elsewhere (together with numerous extracts, studiously selected from the best Sermons) on the occasion—citing the names of the persons from whom they are taken, and to the time and place of their delivery.

There will be prefixed to the work an accurate Copperplate, of the Portrait of *WASHINGTON*, taken by a celebrated Limner of Philadelphia, and a list of the Subscribers added.

The above to comprise a duodecimo volume, of between *two* and three hundred pages, printed on fine paper, with a new and handsome type, neatly bound and lettered, and entitled, *MEMORY OF WASHINGTON. Price*, to subscribers, *One Dollar*—to non-subscribers, *One Dollar 25 Cents.*

It may seem needless to offer a single remark calculated to excite an encouragement to these proposals. Is it not sufficient to consider that a work of this nature will be the most lasting and descriptive Monument to his Memory;—a Monument of the Love, Esteem, and grateful Sorrow of his Countrymen, by which his breathless frame has been floated to the Tomb.

☞ *A return of the Subscriptions is requested by the First of April, as it will then be necessary to have them, that the names of the subscribers may be added to the work.*

OLIVER FARNSWORTH.

NEWPORT, (R. I.) January 21st, 1800.

—Printers, generally, are requested to give place to the above in their respective Newspapers, as papers for subscription, will be lodged at most of the principal Post Offices, through the United States.

ETHAN CLARKE

HAS FOR SALE,

A few Pipes of excellent Cogniac Brandy; Claret Wine in Boxes, of 2 Dozen in a Box; Bottled Porter and Brown Stout in Casks; Molasses and New-England Rum by Hogshead; and Anchors, &c. as usual.

JOHN THURSTON,

Takes this Method to inform his Friends and the Public in general, that he has taken the Store on Banister's Wharf, lately improved by Mr. *Stephen Pierce*, deceased, where he has for Sale the following Articles, viz.

BRANDY; Rum; Gin; white and brown Sugars; Flour; Rice; Chocolate; Souchong and Bohea Teas; Mustard; Codfish; an Assortment of blue, white and figur'd Queen's Ware; Stone Ware of all Sorts; Egyptian China Tea-Pots and Inkstands; Decanters, Wine Glasses, and Tumblers, a great Variety; Barberry and Bees-Wax; Sole-Leather; Brushes and Brooms; Cedar Pails; Sieves; Coffee-Mills; Powder, and Shot of all Sizes; Soap; Candles; Lead; Mens' and Womens' Shoes and Slippers; Table Knives and Forks; Penknives; Patent Spoons; Cases of Razors; Guns; Gun-Locks; Padlocks; Door and Chest Locks; Brass Cocks; Hammers; Money Scales; Steel and Mouse Traps; Gimblets of various Sizes; Shoe and Buckle-Brushes; Shot Moulds; Japann'd Ware; Spectacles; Bed-Cords; Fishing-Lines; Fish Hooks, of all Sizes; Poles, Lines, and Hooks, equipped for Fishing; ready-made American Colours of all Sorts; Nails of various Sorts; Iron Scrapers; Patent and other Time Glasses; Double Battle and other Gunpowder; Drawing-Knives; Nova-Scotia Grindstones; and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate.

☞ Rice by the Cask, and Flour by the Barrel.

Newport, August 5, 1799.

HARTFORD, January 6.

The DEATH *of* GENERAL WASHINGTON *having filled the hearts of all the virtuous people in the* United States *with the sincerest affliction, we presume our Readers will pardon us for presenting them, instead of the common New-Year's Address, with the following tribute to the memory of that* GREAT, AND ILLUSTRIOUS FRIEND AND FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY.

FAR, far from hence, be Satire's aspect rude,
No more let Laughter's frolic-face intrude,
But every heart be fill'd with deepest gloom,
Each form be clad with vestments of the tomb.
From VERNON'S SACRED HILL dark sorrows flow,
Spread o'er the land, and shroud the world in woe.
From Mississippi's proud, majestic flood,
To where St. Croix meanders thro' the wood,
Let business cease, let vain amusements fly,
Let parties mingle, and let Faction die,
The Realm perform, by warm affection led,
Funeral honours to the MIGHTY DEAD.
Where shall the heart for consolation turn,
Where end its grief, or how forget to mourn!
Beyond these clouds appears no cheering ray,
No morning Star proclaims the approach of day.
Ask hoary Age from whence his sorrows come,
His voice is silent, and his sorrow dumb;
Inquire of Infancy why droops his head,
The prattler lisps—"great WASHINGTON is dead."
Why bend yon Statesmen o'er their task severe
Why drops yon Chief the unavailing tear?
What sullen grief hangs o'er yon Martial Band?
What deep distress pervades the extended land?
In sad responses founds from shore to shore—
"Our FRIEND, our GUIDE, our FATHER is no more."
Let fond Remembrance turn her aching sight,
Survey the past, dispel Oblivion's night,
By Glory led pursue the mazy road,
Which leads the traveller to her high abode,
There view that great, that venerated NAME,
Inscribed in sun-beams on the roll of Fame,
No lapse of years shall foil the sacred spot.
No future age its memory shall blot;
Millions unborn shall mark its faceed fire,
And latest Time behold it, and admire.
O widow'd Country! what protecting form,
Shall ope thy pathway thro' the gathering storm!
What mighty hand thy trembling barque shall guide
Thro' Faction's rough, and overwhelming tide!
The hour is past—thy WASHINGTON no more,
Descries, with Angel-ken, the peaceful shore.
Freed from the terrors of his awful eye,
No more fell Treason seeks a midnight sky.
But, crawling forth, on deadliest mischief beat,
Rears her black front, and toils with curst intent.
Behold! arrang'd in long and black array,
Prepar'd for conflict, thirsting for their prey,
Our foes advance,—nor force, nor danger dread,
Their fears all vanish'd when his Spirit fled.
Oft, when our bosoms, fill'd with dire dismay,
Saw mischief gather round our country's way;
When furious Discord seiz'd her flaming brand,
And threaten'd ruin to our infant land;
When Faction's Imps sow'd thick the seeds of strife,
And aim'd destruction at the bliss of life.
When war with bloody hand her flag unfurl'd,
And her hound trump alarm'd the Western World;
His awful voice bade all contention cease,
At his command the storms were hushed to peace.
But who can speak, what accents can relate,
The solemn scenes which mark'd the GREAT MAN's fate!
Ye ancient Sages, who so loudly claim,
The highest station on the list of Fame,
At his approach with diffidence retire,
His higher worth acknowledge and admire.
When keenest anguish rack'd his mighty mind,
And the fond heart the joys of life resign'd,
No guilt, nor terror fetch'd its hard control,
No doubt obscur'd the sun shine of the Soul.
Prepar'd for death, his calm and steady eye,
Look'd fearless upward to a peaceful sky;
While wondering Angels point the airy road,
Which led the CHRISTIAN to the THRONE of GOD.

Hartford, Jan. 1, 1800.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Inform the Public,

THAT they have resumed their *Business*, which has been for some Time suspended on account of the Sickness of two of the concerned.

They offer for Sale, a large Assortment of fresh and genuine

DRUGS and MEDICINES.

Orders from the *Country* executed at Wholesale Prices, and the Town Retail Business attended to with the utmost Caution and Fidelity.

MEDICINE CHESTS for the East and West-Indies, and Africa, with ample and suitable Directions supplied at short Notice, at reduced Prices.

Dye Stuffs, Painters Colours, &c. &c. as usual.

Newport, January 1, 1800.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; and a few Gin-Cases.

—ALSO—

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Nov. 4, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Company,

HAVE FOR SALE,

40 Tons Swedish Iron, assorted,
400 Bolts Russia and Ravens Duck,
10,000 Wt. Coffee, intitled to Drawback,
10 Hogsheads Sugar,
10 Hogsheads West-India Rum,
2 Hogsheads Virginia Tobacco,
2 Pair 3 Pound Cannon,
Russia Cordage,

Together with a general Assortment of Groceries, and a constant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Quantity, or single Barrel.

Newport, 20th Dec. 1799.

CHRISTOPER CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

St. Petersburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Chest,
And Molasses, per Hogshead.

Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY

GODFREY WENWOOD,

NEW superfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Mistic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Bushel or less Quantity.

Newport, Oct. 7, 1799.

To be SOLD, by

WILLIAM LANGLEY,

At his Shop in Thames-street,

A general Assortment of Joiner's and Carpenter's PLANES, &c. made by JOSHUA WILBOUR, late of this Town:—A constant Supply of which he proposes to keep.

Newport, Dec. 10, 1799.

NATHAN B. MILLER

Has for Sale,

A few Pipes of BRANDY, of the 5th Proof, *entitled to the Drawback.*—Also new Superfine FLOUR, by the Barrel or larger Quantity; and PIMENTO by the Bag.

Oct. 15, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons having any Demands on the Estate of JAMES ANTHONY, deceased, to exhibit their Claims; and those who are indebted thereto, to make Payment.

ELIZABETH ANTHONY, *Executrix.*

Newport, January 4, 1800.

ALL Persons having Demands against the Estate of ROBERT CORNELL, late of Middletown, deceased, are requested to bring in their Claims, that Means may be adopted for satisfying them; and those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment to

RUTH CORNELL, *Administratrix.*

Middletown, January 1, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A very good Weaver's LOOM.

Inquire of the Printer.

December 24.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs the Public, and his Friends and Customers in general,

That he has just received,

A new Supply of GOODS,—suitable for the present Season, well assorted, by Wholesale and Retail, cheap for Cash, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's.

Newport, 3d December, 1799.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*

That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General* MARTIN'S,

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, Dec. 3, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

Just received a handsome and general assortment of fashionable Dry Goods, suited to the season, and now opening for sale, at the foot of the Old Church Lane, in Thames-street, on the lowest terms—among which are,

SUPERFINE cloths; second ditto and inferior quality; forest cloths and serges; superfine cassimeres; elastic cloths and coatings; mixt coatings; baizes and flannels; swansdowns and black shag; pins per pack; coloured and white threads; black and black & white galoons; ferrits; thick muslins; checks; Irish linens and platillas per piece, or otherwise; a box bed-ticking; children's hats; calicoes and chintzes; Scotch and India book muslins; ditto handkerchiefs; jaconet muslin, and sprigg'd; dimities and white jean; coloured bordered white handkerchiefs; fine white tiffany; beautiful kid gloves; wildbores and durants; striped calamancoes; lute-strings and black persians; sarsnets and cambricks; Morocco and cloth shoes; childrens' Morocco ditto; white and coloured sewing silk, per the lb. or otherwise; mock tortoise combs; Scots carpeting, and table ditto, &c. &c.

By JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

Lately imported from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,

By *THOMAS HANDY,*

Fresh TEAS of the first Qualities, viz.

GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.

Also, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-street, single and double-refined SUGAR.

Newport, 8th October, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Bandlipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

Doctor K I N G's

MOST respectful Compliments to the Inhabitants of Newport, and its Vicinity—takes this Method to offer his Services, in the Practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY:——In which Practice he has received a *regular* Education.—Credentials of which he is ready to produce, to those who will do him the Honour to call on him, at Mrs. COTTRELL's.

If the most ready Attention, joined with a sincere Wish to be useful to his Fellow-Citizens, have any Claim to Success, he flatters himself he shall not be unsuccessful in his Endeavours to serve them.

He likewise informs, that he has just received a Supply of MEDICINE, genuine and of the latest Importation, which he will sell on as reasonable Terms, as can be purchased in this State.—Apply at Mrs. Cottrell's Shop.

December 30, 1799.

FOR SALE,

A good new Milch COW.——Apply to

JAMES CHAPPELL.

Newport, December 31, 1799.

FOR SALE,

THE United States SHIP, GEORGE WASHINGTON, of 32 Guns, now lying in the Harbour of Newport—the principal Part of her Timbers are Live Oak and Red Cedar—She is very burthensome, and calculated for the INDIA Business.——To be sold with or without her Guns and military Equipment.

Inventory may be seen, and the Terms known, by applying to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

December 31, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers, and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

Just Received, and for Sale, by

WILLIAM R. WILDER,

At his *Book-Store* and *Circulating-*LIBRARY,

Nearly opposite Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's *Store,*

A Large and General Assortment of BOOKS & STATIONARY, which will be Sold at the lowest possible Prices.

Among which are,

Large Bibles, of 10 different Kinds.
Small Ditto, per Dozen or Single.
Testaments, per Dozen or Single.
Watts's Psalms and Hymns, per Ditto.
1500 Webster's Spelling-Books, & 3d Parts.
A general Assortment of Accompt Books, Ledgers, &c.
Almanacks for 1800, of 3 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or Single.
Sheet Ditto, very convenient for Stores and Compting-Rooms.
Children's Picture-Books, Primers, &c. of 50 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or single.
300 Reams of Writing-Paper, various Sizes and Prices.
Wrapping Ditto per single or Dozen Reams.
Playing Cards by the Groce, Dozen or single Pack.
Slates and Slate Pencils, by the Dozen or single.
Real Dutch Quills, by the 1000 or less.
Black and Red Ink-Powder, by the Dozen or single Paper.
A great Variety of Ladies & Gentlemen's Red Morocco Pocket-Books, with and without Instruments.
A beautiful Assortment of Penknives, Desk Knives, Folders, &c.
Best Irish glazed Wafers.
Genuine Dutch Sealing-Wax, Red & Black.
2 Cases of English Hats, imported in the Minerva, of the latest London *Fashions.*
A small Assortment of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c. &c. with very many other Articles too numerous for an Advertisement.

☞ Large Additions are made, and are daily making, to his CIRCULATING-LIBRARY.

Newport, Nov. 11, 1799.

N. B. A few Boxes real Havanna Segars.

All Persons having any unsettled Accounts with *Jonathan Williams* late of Newport, Chaise-Maker, are desired to call on the Subscribers for an Adjustment of them, who are appointed Administrators to settle his Estate. OBADIAH WILLIAMS,

DAVID WILLIAMS.

Newport, 12th of 12th Month, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, Dec. 6, 1799.

HARTFORD, January 6.

The DEATH *of* GENERAL WASHINGTON *having filled the hearts of all the virtuous people in the* United States *with the sincerest affliction, we presume our Readers will pardon us for presenting them, instead of the common New-Year's Address, with the following tribute to the memory of that* GREAT, AND ILLUSTRIOUS FRIEND AND FATHER OF HIS COUNTRY.

FAR, far from hence, be Satire's aspect rude,
No more let Laughter's frolic-face intrude,
But every heart be fill'd with deepest gloom,
Each form be clad with vestments of the tomb.
From VERNON'S SACRED HILL dark sorrows flow,
Spread o'er the land, and shroud the world in woe.
From Mississippi's proud, majestic flood,
To where St. Croix meanders thro' the wood,
Let business cease, let vain amusements fly,
Let parties mingle, and let Faction die,
The Realm perform, by warm affection led,
Funeral honours to the MIGHTY DEAD.
Where shall the heart for consolation turn,
Where end its grief, or how forget to mourn!
Beyond these clouds appears no cheering ray,
No morning Star proclaims the approach of day.
Ask hoary Age from whence his sorrows come,
His voice is silent, and his sorrow dumb;
Inquire of Infancy why droops his head,
The prattler lisps—"great WASHINGTON is dead."
Why bend yon Statesmen o'er their task severe
Why drops yon Chief the unavailing tear?
What sullen grief hangs o'er yon Martial Band?
What deep distress pervades the extended land?
In sad responses sounds from shore to shore—
"Our FRIEND, our GUIDE, our FATHER is no more."
Let fond Remembrance turn her aching sight,
Survey the past, dispel Oblivion's night,
By Glory led pursue the mazy road,
Which leads the traveller to her high abode,
There view that great, that venerated NAME,
Inscribed in sun-beams on the roll of Fame,
No lapse of years shall soil the sacred spot.
No future age its memory shall blot;
Millions unborn shall mark its faceed fire,
And latest Time behold it, and admire.
O widow'd Country! what protecting form,
Shall ope thy pathway thro' the gathering storm!
What mighty hand thy trembling barque shall guide
Thro' Faction's rough, and overwhelming tide!
The hour is past—thy WASHINGTON no more,
Descries, with Angel-ken, the peaceful shore.
Freed from the terrors of his awful eye,
No more fell Treason seeks a midnight sky.
But, crawling forth, on deadliest mischief bent,
Rears her black front, and toils with curst intent.
Behold! arrang'd in long and black array,
Prepar'd for conflict, thirsting for their prey,
Our foes advance,—nor force, nor danger dread,
Their fears all vanish'd when his Spirit fled.
Oft, when our bosoms, fill'd with dire dismay,
Saw mischief gather round our country's way;
When furious Discord seiz'd her flaming brand,
And threaten'd ruin to our infant land;
When Faction's Imps sow'd thick the seeds of strife,
And aim'd destruction at the bliss of life.
When war with bloody hand her flag unfurl'd,
And her loand trump alarm'd the Western World;
His awful voice bade all contention cease,
At his command the storms were hushed to peace.
But who can speak, what accents can relate,
The solemn scenes which mark'd the GREAT MAN's fate!
Ye ancient Sages, who so loudly claim,
The highest station on the list of Fame,
At his approach with diffidence retire,
His higher worth acknowledge and admire.
When keenest anguish rac'k his mighty mind,
And the fond heart the joys of life resign'd,
No guilt, nor terror furetch'd its hard controul,
No doubt obscur'd the sun shine of the Soul.
Prepar'd for death, his calm and steady eye,
Look'd fearless upward to a peaceful sky;
While wondering Angels point the airy road,
Which leads the CHRISTAIN to the THRONE of GOD.

Hartford, Jan. 1, 1800.

JAMES TAYLOR & Co.

Inform the Public,

THAT they have resumed their *Business*, which has been for some Time suspended on account of the Sickness of two of the concerned.

They offer for Sale, a large Assortment of fresh and genuine

DRUGS and MEDICINES.

Orders from the *Country* executed at Wholesale Prices, and the Town Retail Business attended to with the utmost Caution and Fidelity.

MEDICINE CHESTS for the East and West-Indies, and Africa, with ample and suitable Directions supplied at short Notice, at reduced Prices.

Dye Stuffs, Painters Colours, &c. &c. as usual.

Newport, January 1, 1800.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; and a few Gin-Cases.

—ALSO—

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Nov. 4, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Company,

HAVE FOR SALE,

40 Tons Swedish Iron, assorted,
400 Bolts Russia and Ravens Duck,
10,000 Wt. Coffee, intitled to Drawback,
10 Hogsheads Sugar,
10 Hogsheads West-India Rum,
2 Hogsheads Virginia Tobacco,
2 Pair 3 Pound Cannon,
Russia Cordage,

Together with a general Assortment of Groceries, and a constant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Quantity, or single Barrel.

Newport, 20th Dec. 1799.

CHRISTOPER CHAMPLIN

HAS FOR SALE,

St. Petersburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Chest,
And Molasses, per Hogshead.

Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

FOR SALE, BY
GODFREY WENWOOD,

NEW superfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Mistic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Bushel or less Quantity.

Newport, Oct. 7, 1799.

To be SOLD, by
WILLIAM LANGLEY,

At his Shop in Thames-street,

A general Assortment of Joiner's and Carpenter's PLANES, &c. made by JOSHUA WILBOUR, late of this Town:—A constant Supply of which he proposes to keep.

Newport, Dec. 10, 1799.

NATHAN B. MILLER

Has for Sale,

A few Pipes of BRANDY, of the 5th Proof, *entitled to the Drawback.*—Also new Superfine FLOUR, by the Barrel or larger Quantity; and PIMENTO by the Bag.

Oct. 15, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons having any Demands on the Estate of JAMES ANTHONY, deceased, to exhibit their Claims; and those who are indebted thereto, to make Payment.

ELIZABETH ANTHONY, *Executrix.*

Newport, January 4, 1800.

ALL Persons having Demands against the Estate of ROBERT CORNELL, late of Middletown, deceased, are requested to bring in their Claims, that Means may be adopted for satisfying them; and those indebted to said Estate, are desired to make immediate Payment to

RUTH CORNELL, *Administratrix.*

Middletown, January 1, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A very good Weaver's LOOM.

Inquire of the Printer.

December 24.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN

Informs the Public, and his Friends and Customers in general,

That he has just received,

A new Supply of GOODS,—suitable for the present Season, well assorted, by Wholesale and Retail, cheap for Cash, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. Robert Stevens's.

Newport, 3d December, 1799.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*

That he has just received, at his STORE, *opposite General* MARTIN'S,

A Beautiful Assortment of the most fashionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell very low.

Also, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.

He returns his Thanks to his Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.

NEW GOODS.

Just received a handsome and general assortment of fashionable Dry Goods, suited to the season, and now opening for sale, at the foot of the Old Church Lane, in Thames-street, on the lowest terms—among which are,

SUPERFINE cloths; second ditto and inferior quality; forest cloths and serges; superfine cassimeres; elastic cloths and coatings; mixt coatings; baizes and flannels; swansdowns and black shag; pins per pack; coloured and white threads; black and black & white galoons; ferrits; thick muslins; checks; Irish linens and platillas per piece, or otherwise; a box bedticking; children's hats; calicoes and chintzes; Scotch and India book muslins; ditto handkerchiefs; jaconet muslin, and sprigg'd; dimities and white jean; coloured bordered white handkerchiefs; fine white tiffany; beautiful kid gloves; wildbores and durants; striped calamancoes; lutestrings and black persians; farsnets and cambricks; Morocco and cloth shoes; childrens' Morocco ditto; white and coloured sewing silk, per the lb. or otherwise; mock tortoise combs; Scots carpeting, and table ditto, &c. &c.

By JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

Lately imported from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,

By *THOMAS HANDY,*

Fresh TEAS of the first Qualities, viz.

GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.

Also, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-street, single and double-refined SUGAR.

Newport, 8th October, 1799.

Just received, by the Ship Semiramis, Capt. Jacob Smith, from Canton.

GUNPOWDER
Hyson
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Chest or smaller Quantity.

Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

And for Sale, by

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, June 25, 1799.

Doctor K I N G's

MOST respectful Compliments to the Inhabitants of Newport, and its Vicinity—takes this Method to offer his Services, in the Practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY:——In which Practice he has received a *regular* Education.—Credentials of which he is ready to produce, to those who will do him the Honour to call on him, at Mrs. COTTRELL'S.

If the most ready Attention, joined with a sincere Wish to be useful to his Fellow-Citizens, have any Claim to Success, he flatters himself he shall not be unsuccessful in his Endeavours to serve them.

He likewise informs, that he has just received a Supply of MEDICINE, genuine and of the latest Importation, which he will sell on as reasonable Terms, as can be purchased in this State.—Apply at Mrs. Cottrell's Shop.

December 30, 1799.

FOR SALE,

A good new Milch COW.——Apply to

JAMES CHAPPELL.

Newport, December 31, 1799.

FOR SALE,

THE United States SHIP, GEORGE WASHINGTON, of 32 Guns, now lying in the Harbour of Newport—the principal Part of her Timbers are Live Oak and Red Cedar; she is very burthensome, and calculated for the INDIA Business.——To be sold with or without her Guns and military Equipment.

Inventory may be seen, and the Terms known, by applying to

GIBBS & CHANNING.

December 31, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,

At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,

INVITES his Friends, old Customers. and others, to his Shop, where a very handsome Assortment of GOODS, suitable for the Season, just imported, will be found, upon as low Terms, for Cash, as at any Store in the State.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of superfine broad Cloths of the most fashionable Colours—and Gentlemen's best Beaver Hats, of the newest Taste.

Newport, December 30, 1799.

Just Received, and for Sale, by

WILLIAM R. WILDER,

At his *BOOK-STORE* and *CIRCULATING-*LIBRARY,

Nearly opposite Messrs. Gibbs & Channing's *Store,*

A Large and General Assortment of BOOKS & STATIONARY, which will be Sold at the lowest possible Prices.

Among which are,

Large Bibles, of 10 different Kinds.
Small Ditto, per Dozen or Single.
Testaments, per Dozen or Single.
Watts's Psalms and Hymns, per Ditto.
1500 Webster's Spelling-Books, & 3d Parts.
A general Assortment of Accompt Books, Ledgers, &c.
Almanacks for 1800, of 3 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or Single.
Sheet Ditto, very convenient for Stores and Compting-Rooms.
Children's Picture-Books, Primers, &c. of 50 different Kinds, by the Groce, Dozen or single.
300 Reams of Writing-Paper, various Sizes and Prices.
Wrapping Ditto per single or Dozen Reams.
Playing Cards by the Groce, Dozen or single Pack.
Slates and Slate Pencils, by the Dozen or single.
Real Dutch Quills, by the 1000 or less.
Black and Red Ink-Powder, by the Dozen or single Paper.
A great Variety of Ladies & Gentlemen's Red Morocco Pocket-Books, with and without Instruments.
A beautiful Assortment of Penknives, Desk Knives, Folders, &c.
Best Irish glazed Wafers.
Genuine Dutch Sealing-Wax, Red & Black.
2 Cases of English Hats, imported in the Minerva, of the latest London *Fashions.*
A small Assortment of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c. &c. with very many other Articles too numerous for an Advertisement.

☞ Large Additions are made, and are daily making, to his CIRCULATING-LIBRARY.

Newport, Nov. 11, 1799.

N. B. A few Boxes real Havanna Segars.

All Persons having any unsettled Accounts with *Jonathan Williams* late of Newport, Chaise-Maker, are desired to call on the Subscribers for an Adjustment of them, who are appointed Administrators to settle his Estate. OBADIAH WILLIAMS,

DAVID WILLIAMS.

Newport, 12th of 12th Month, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING

HAVE FOR SALE,

ST. Petersburgh clean Hemp, Russia and Ravens Duck, first Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimensions—Russia and Swedes Iron, flat and square.

BY THE PACKAGE.

Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Silesias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Hessian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glass Ware, calculated for the West-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.

New-England Rum by the Hogshead or Cargo, on short Notice; Molasses, per Hogshead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glass; superfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.

Newport, Dec. 6, 1799.